

SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur – 603 203.





#### **QUESTION BANK**

**SUBJECT**: Programming in C

SEM / YEAR: Second Semester / 1st Year

## UNIT I - BASICS OF C PROGRAMMING

Introduction to programming paradigms - Structure of C program - C programming: Data Types -Storage classes - Constants - Enumeration Constants - Keywords - Operators: Precedence and Associatively - Expressions - Input/output statements, Assignment statements - Decision making statements - Switch statement - Looping statements - Pre-processor directives - Compilation process

	PART - A		
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Define programming paradigm.	BTL-1	Remember
2.	Give two examples for assignment statements.	BTL -1	Remember
3.	Distinguish between character and string.	BTL -2	Understand
4.	What are keywords? Give an example.	BTL -1	Remember
5.	What do you mean by variables in 'C'?	BTL -1	Remember
6.	Identify the use of ternary or conditional operator.	BTL -4	Analyze
7.	What is mean by Operators precedence and associative?	BTL -2	Understand
8.	What is a compilation process?	BTL-1	Remember
9.	How to create enumeration constants ?	BTL -4	Analyze
10.	Differentiate between an expression and a statement in C.	BTL -4	Analyze
11.	What is the output of the programs given below?  #include <stdio.h> main() {     int a = 20, b = 10, c = 15, d = 5;     int e;     e = (a + b) * c / d;     printf("Value of (a + b) * c / d is : %d\n", e); }</stdio.h>	BTL-3	Apply
12.	Generalize the types of I/O statements available in 'C'.	BTL -6	Create
13.	Classify the different types of storage classes.	BTL -3	Apply

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14.	Discover the meaning of C pre-processor.	BTL -3	Apply
15.	Invent the difference between ++a and a++.	BTL -6	Create
16.	Differentiate switch() and nested-if statement.	BTL -2	Understand
17.	Summarize the various types of C operators.	BTL-5	Evaluate
18.	Recommend the suitable example for infinite loop using while.	BTL -5	Evaluate
19.	What is a global variable?	BTL -1	Remember
20.	Differentiate break and continue statement.	BTL -2	Understand
	PART - B.		
1.	Describe the structure of a C program with an example.(16)	BTL -1	Remember
2.	Discuss about the constants, expressions and statements in 'C'. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
3.	Illustrate about the various data types in 'C'. (16)	BTL -3	Apply
4.	Summarize the various types of operators in 'C' language along with its priority. (16)	BTL-2	Understand
5.	Explain about the various decision making and branching statements. (16)	BTL -1	Remember
6.	Write short notes on the following: (6+5+5) a. 'for' loop b. 'while' loop c. 'dowhile' loop	BTL -1	Remember
7.	Illustrate the storage class specifiers with example. (16)	BTL -3	Apply
8.	Discuss about pre processor directive with example program. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
9.	Explain the following:  i. Keywords (3) ii. Identifiers (4)  iii. C character set (4)  iv. Constants and volatile variables (5).	BTL -5	Evaluate
10.	Write a C program for the following:  a. To check whether a given year is leap or not.(4)  b. To find the roots of a quadratic equation.(8)  c. To convert the temperature given in Fahrenheit to Celsius(4)	BTL -4	Analyze
11.	Develop a C program for the following:  a. To find the area and circumference of a circle with radius r.(4)  b. To find the sum of first 100 integers.(6)  c. To reverse the digits of a number. (123 => 21).(6)	BTL -6	Create

12.	Write a C program for the following: a. To find the sum of the digits of a number.	BTL -4	Analyze
	(123 => 1+2+3=6.(5) b. To find the sum of all odd / even numbers between 1 and 100.(5)		
	c. To check whether a number is prime or not.(6)		
13.	Write a C program for the following: a. To check whether a given number is a palindrome (232) or not. (8)	BTL-1	Remember
	b. To generate the first n numbers in a Fibonacci series. (8)		
14.	Write a C program for the following:  a. To generate Armstrong number between 100 and 999. (8)  b.Calculate Sin(x) = x - x <sup>3</sup> /3! + x <sup>5</sup> /5!- x <sup>7</sup> /7!++	BTL-4	Analyze
	$x^{n}/n!$ . (8)		





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#### UNIT II - ARRAYS AND STRINGS

Introduction to Arrays: Declaration, Initialization – One dimensional array – Example Program: Computing Mean, Median and Mode - Two dimensional arrays – Example Program: Matrix Operations (Addition, Scaling, Determinant and Transpose) - String operations: length, compare, concatenate, copy – Selection sort, linear and binary search.

	PART - A				
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence		
1.	List out the features of Arrays.	BTL-1	Remember		
2.	Define a float array of size 5 and assign 5 values to it.	BTL-1	Remember		
3.	Identify the main elements of an array declaration.	BTL -4	Analyze		
4.	What are the drawbacks of Initialization of arrays in C?	BTL -1	Remember		
5.	What will happen when you access the array more than its dimension?	BTL-1	Remember		
6.	Point out an example code to express two dimensional array.	BTL -4	Analyze		
7.	How to create a two dimensional array?	BTL -2	Understand		
8.	What is the starting index of an array?	BTL-3	Apply		
9.	Distinguish between one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.	BTL -4	Analyze		
10.	What are the different ways of initializing array?	BTL -2	Understand		
11.	What is the use of '\0' and '%s'?	BTL -1	Remember		
12.	Is address operator used in scanf() statement to read an array? Why?	BTL-6	Create		
13.	What is the role of strrev()?	BTL -3	Apply		
14.	Discover the meaning of a String.	BTL-3	Apply		
15.	How to initialize a string? Give an example.	BTL -6	Create		
16.	Differentiate between Linear search and Binary search.	BTL -2	Understand		

17.	Write the output of the following Code: main()		
	{		
	char x; $x = 'a'$ ;	BTL-5	Evaluate
	printf("%d \n",x);		
	}		
18.	Specify any two methods of sorting.	BTL -5	Evaluate
19.	List out the any four functions that are performed on character	BTL-1	Remember
	strings.	DIL-I	Remember
20.	Write the output of the following Code: main()		
	{		
	static char name[]="KagzWrxAd"		<i>)</i>
	int $i=0$ ;		
	while(name[i]!='\0')	BTL-2	Understand
	{		
	printf("%c",na me[i]);		
	i++;		
	} }		
	PART -B		
1.	(i) Explain the need for array variables. Describe the		
	following with respect to arrays:-		
	Declaration of array and accessing an array element. (8)	BTL-1	Remember
	(ii) Write a C program to re-order a one-dimensional array of		
	numbers in descending order. (8)		
2.	Write a C program to perform the following matrix		
	operations:	BTL -4	Analyze
	(i) Addition (5) (ii) subtraction (5)	DIL -4	7 Mary ZC
	(iii) Scaling (6)	Der 7	F 1
3.	.Write a C program to calculate mean and median for an	BTL -5	Evaluate
4.	array of elements.(8+8)  Write a C program for Determinant and transpose of a	BTL -4	Analyze
	matrix.(8+8)		
5.	Describe the following with suitable examples. (8+8)		
	(i) Initializing a 2 Dimensional Array(ii) Memory Map of a	BTL-2	Understand
	Dimensional Array.		
6.	Explain about the String Arrays and its manipulation in detail	BTL -1	Remember
	(16)	D1L-1	Kememoer
7.	.(i). Write a C program to find average marks obtained by a of		
	30 students in a test.(10)	BTL-3	Apply
	(ii). Write short notes on Reading and Writing string. (6)		
8.	Write a C program to sort the n numbers using selection sort	BTL -2	Understand
9.	(16)  Develop a C program to search an element from the array.	DTI C	C
	(16)	BTL -6	Create

10.	Describe the following functions with examples. (4+4+4+4) (i) strlen() (ii) strcpy() (iii)strcat() (iv)strcmp()	BTL-1	Remember
11.	Write a C program to find whether the given string is palindrome or not without using string functions. (16)	BTL-3	Apply
12.	Write a C program to count the number of characters, spaces, vowels, constants and others using string functions. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
13.	Discuss about the following:  (i).Advantages and disadvantages of linear and binary search.(8)  (ii).Discuss briefly runtime initialization of a two dimensional array.(8)	BTL-1	Remember
14.	Explain about the following: (i).String and character array.(6) (ii).Initialising a string variables.(4) (iii).String input and output (6)	BTL-4	Analyze





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#### **UNIT III-FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS**

Introduction to functions: Function prototype, function definition, function call, Built-in functions (string functions, math functions) – Recursion – Example Program: Computation of Sine series, Scientific calculator using built-in functions, Binary Search using recursive functions – Pointers – Pointer operators – Pointer arithmetic – Arrays and pointers – Array of pointers – Example Program: Sorting of names – Parameter passing: Pass by value, Pass by reference – Example Program: Swapping of two numbers and changing the value of a variable using pass by reference.

	PART - A				
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence		
1.	Define pointer. How will you declare it?	BTL-1	Remember		
2.	What is a pointer to a pointer?	BTL-1	Remember		
3.	Express the operations that can be performed on pointers.	BTL-2	Understand		
4.	What is pointer arithmetic?	BTL-1	Remember		
5.	What is a void pointer and a null pointer?	BTL-1	Remember		
6.	Differentiate between address operator and indirection operator?	BTL -4	Analyze		
7.	Why is pointer arithmetic not applicable on void pointers?	BTL-2	Understand		
8.	Identify the use of Pointer.	BTL-1	Remember		
9.	Point out the meaning of user-defined function.	BTL -4	Analyze		
10.	What is meant by library function?	BTL -4	Analyze		
11.	Write the syntax for function declaration	BTL-3	Apply		
12.	Compose the two parts of function definition.	BTL-6	Create		
13.	What is meant by pass by value and pass by reference?	BTL-3	Apply		
14.	What is a function call? Give an example of a function call.	BTL-3	Apply		
15.	Invent the meaning of default arguments and command line arguments.	BTL-6	Create		
16.	What is a recursive function?	BTL-2	Understand		

17.	Specify the need for function.	BTL-5	Evaluate
18.	Assess the meaning of function pointer.	BTL-5	Evaluate
19.	What is array of pointer?	BTL-1	Remember
20.	Mention the advantage of pass by reference.	BTL -2	Understand
	PART – B		
1.	Describe about pointers and their operations that can be performed on it.(16)	BTL -1	Remember
2.	What is an array of pointers and what is pointer to an array?  Explain in detail with example(16)	BTL -4	Analyze
3.	Demonstrate about function declaration and function definition. (16)	BTL-3	Apply
4.	Discuss about the classification of functions depending upon their inputs and output (parameters) (16)	BTL-2	Understand
5.	Explain in detail about Pass by Value and Pass by reference.	BTL-1	Remember
	(16) Discuss about passing arrays to function. (16)	BTL-2	Understand
6.	ACINE .	DIL-2	
7.	Explain in detail about recursive function with sample code. (16)	BTL-5	Evaluate
8.	Explain in detail about function pointers. (16)	BTL -4	Analyze
9.	Write notes on fixed argument functions and variable argument functions. (16)	BTL -1	Remember
10.	What are the applications of recursive function? Computation of Sine series using C program. (16)	BTL -3	Apply
11.	Write a C program for Scientific calculator using built-in functions(16)	BTL -4	Analyze
12.	Write a C program for Swapping of two numbers and changing the value of a variable using pass by reference(16)	BTL -1	Remember
13.	Write a C program to sort the given N names. (16)	BTL-2	Understand
14.	Explain any eight build in functions of math. (16)	BTL-6	Create

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### **UNIT-IV-STRUCTURES**

#### **SYLLABUS**

Structure - Nested structures - Pointer and Structures - Array of structures - Example Program using structures and pointers - Self referential structures - Dynamic memory allocation - Singly linked list -typedef

### PART – A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	What is structure? Write the syntax for structure.	BTL -1	Remember
2.	Write the various operations on structure.	BTL -1	Remember
3.	How the members of structure object is accessed?	BTL -2	Understand
4.	Write the use of size operator on structure.	BTL -1	Remember
5.	What is a nested structure?	BTL -1	Remember
6.	How typedef is used in structure?	BTL -4	Analyze
7.	Interpret the term Union in C.	BTL -2	Understand
8.	What is mean by Self referential structures.	BTL -1	Remember
9.	Point out the meaning of Dynamic memory allocation.	BTL -4	Analyze
10.	Mention any two application linked list.	BTL -4	Analyze
11.	What is the need for typedef?	BTL-3	Apply
12.	Generalize the operators used in access the structure members.	BTL -6	Create
13.	Discover the meaning of Array of structure.	BTL-3	Apply
14.	Show the difference between Structure from Array.	BTL -3	Apply
15.	Invent the application of size of operator to this structure.		
	Consider the declaration:		
	struct		
	{	BTL-6	Create
	char name;		
	intnum;		
	} student;		

16.	Show a structure called ID_Card to hold the details of a student.	BTL-2	Understand
17.	Summarize the different types of memory allocation functions.	BTL-5	Evaluate
18.	Discriminate between malloc and calloc.	BTL-5	Evaluate
19.	If we have structure B nested inside structure A, when do we declare structure B?	BTL-1	Remember
20	How to create a node in singly liked list?	BTL-2	Understand
	PART – B		
1.	Describe about the functions and structures. (16)	BTL -1	Remember
2.	Explain about the structures and its operations. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
3.	Demonstrate about pointers to structures, array of structures and nested structures.(5+6+5)	BTL-3	Apply
4.	Write a C program using structures to prepare the students mark statement. (16)	BTL-2	Understand
5.	Write a C program using structures to prepare the employee pay roll of a company. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
6.	Write a C program to read the details of book name, author name and price of 200 books in a library and display the total cost of the books.(16)	BTL -1	Remember
7.	(i). What is a structure? Express a structure with data members of various types and declare two structure variables. Write a program to read data into these and print the same. (10)  (ii). Justify the need for structured data type. (6)	BTL -3	Apply
8.	(i). What is the need for structure data type? Does structure bring additional overhead to a program? Justify. (10) (ii). Write short note on structure declaration(6)	BTL-1	Remember
9.	(i). How to Accessing the structure member through pointer using dynamic memory allocation. (8) (ii). Referencing pointer to another address to access the memory (8)	BTL -6	Create
10.	Explain with an example the self-referential structure. (16)	BTL -4	Analyze
11.	Explain singly linked list and write C Program to Implement Singly Linked List using Dynamic Memory Allocation. (16)	BTL -5	Evaluate
12.	Discuss about the following :- (i).Singly linked list and operation.(8) (ii).Advantage and disadvange of Singly linked list.(8)	BTL -4	Analyze
13.	Illustrate a C program to store the employee information using structure and search a particular employee details. (16)	BTL -1	Remember





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#### UNIT-V- FILE PROCESSING

Files – Types of file processing: Sequential access, Random access – Sequential access file - Example Program: Finding average of numbers stored in sequential access file - Random access file - Example Program: Transaction processing using random access files – Command line arguments

#### PART – A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence		
1.	Define file.	BTL-1	Remember		
2.	Mention different type of file accessing.	BTL-1	Remember		
3.	Distinguish between Sequential access and Random access.	BTL-2	Understand		
4.	What is meant by command line argument.? Give an example.	BTL-1	Remember		
5.	List out the various file handling function.	BTL-1	Remember		
6.	Compare fseek() and ftell() function.	BTL-4	Analyze		
7.	How to create a file in C?	BTL-6	Create		
8.	Identify the various file operation modes and their usage.	BTL-1	Remember		
9.	How to read and write the file.?	BTL -4	Analyze		
10.	Compare the terms Field, Record and File.	BTL -4	Analyze		
11.	Examine the following:-  (i) getc() and getchar()  (ii)scanf and fscanf()	BTL-3	Apply		
12.	Distinguish between following:- (i).printf() and fprintf() (ii).feof() and ferror()	BTL-2	Understand		
13.	Mention the functions required for Binary file I/O operations.	BTL-3	Apply		
14.	Identify the different types of file.	BTL-3	Apply		
15.	Identify the difference between Append and Write Mode.	BTL-1	Remember		
16.	What is the use of rewind() functions.	BTL-2	Understand		
17.	Write a C Program to find the Size of a File.	BTL-5	Evaluate		
18.	Write the Steps for Processing a File	BTL-5	Evaluate		

19.	Write a code in C to defining and opening a File.	BTL-6	Create
20	Why do we use command line arguments in C?	BTL -2	Understand
	PART – B		l
1.	Describe the following file manipulation functions with examples.(16)  a) rename().(2) b) freopen().(4) c) remove().(2) d) tmpfile(void).(4) e) fflush().(4)	BTL -1	Remember
2.	Distinguish between the following functions.(16)  a) getc() and getchar().(4)  b) scanf() and fscanf().(4)  c) printf() and fprintf().(4)  d) feof() and ferror().(4)	BTL-2	Understand
3.	Illustrate and explain a C program to copy the contents of one file into another. (16)	BTL -3	Apply
4.	Explain the read and write operations on a file with an suitable program. (16)	BTL -2	Understand
5.	Describe the various functions used in a file with example.(16)	BTL-1	Remember
6.	Write a C Program to print names of all Files present in a Directory.(16)	BTL-1	Remember
7.	Write a C Program to read content of a File and display it. (16)	BTL-3	Apply
8.	Write a C Program to print the contents of a File in reverse.(16)	BTL-2	Understand
9.	Write a C Program Transaction processing using random access files. (16)	BTL -6	Create
10.	Write a C program Finding average of numbers stored in sequential access file. (16)	BTL-4	Analyze
11.	Explain about command line argument with suitable example.(16)	BTL-5	Evaluate
12.	Compare Sequential access and Random access file .(16)	BTL-4	Analyze
13.	Write a C Program to calculate the factorial of a number by using the command line argument. (16)	BTL-1	Remember
14.	Write a C Program to generate Fibonacci series by using command line arguments.(16)	BTL -4	Analyze